Year Two Mathematics Overview



Number and Place Value

- > count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward
- recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)
- > identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line
- \triangleright compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs
- > read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words
- use place value and number facts to solve problems.

Addition and Subtraction

- > solve problems with addition and subtraction:
 - using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures
 - o applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods
- recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100
- > add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:
 - o a two-digit number and ones
 - o a two-digit number and tens
 - o two two-digit numbers
 - o adding three one-digit numbers
- show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot
- recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.

Multiplication and Division

- > recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers
- > calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs
- > show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot
- > solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- \triangleright recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity
- \triangleright write simple fractions e.g. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of two quarters and one half.

Measurement

- choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels
- compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =</p>
- recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value
- > find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money
- > solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change
- > compare and sequence intervals of time
- > tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times
- know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.

Geometry - properties of space

- > identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line
- > identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces
- identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]
- > compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects.

Geometry - position and direction

- > order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences
- > use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise).

Statistics

- interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- > ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity
- > ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.